

- 1. USE THE CURRENT EDITION OF AASHTO A POLICY ON GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS AND STREETS
- 2. USE THE CURRENT EDITION OF AASHTO ROADSIDE DESIGN GUIDE FOR CLEAR ZONE REQUIREMENTS. CLEAR ZONE MAY EXTEND INTO CUT OR FILL SLOPES.
- 3. STANDARDS SHOWN ARE RECOMMENDED VALUES. EXCEED STANDARDS IF CONDITIONS PERMIT.
- 4. IN FILL CONDITIONS MAINTAIN A CONSTANT SLOPE FROM THE EDGE OF THE PAVEMENT TO THE OUTER EDGE OF THE CLEAR ZONE. IN CUT CONDITIONS MAINTAIN A CONSTANT SLOPE FROM THE EDGE OF THE PAVEMENT TO THE BOTTOM OF THE GRANULAR BORROW LAYER OR PROVIDE OTHER MEASURES TO DRAIN ALL PAVEMENT THICKNESS LAYERS. MAINTAIN A MINIMUM OF ONE FOOT VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE GRANULAR BORROW LAYER TO THE BOTTOM OF THE CUT DITCH. THERE MAY BE CUT FORESLOPES AND BACKSLOPES IN THE CLEAR ZONE.
- TRANSITION FROM FLAT TO STEEPER CUT AND FILL SLOPES IN SUFFICIENT DISTANCE TO PROVIDE A NATURAL PLEASING APPEARANCE.
- 6. PAVEMENT THICKNESS CONSISTS OF HARD SURFACING, UTBC AND GRANULAR BORROW (IF USED).
- 7. INSTALL SURFACE DITCH (OPTIONAL) WHEN SHEET FLOW DRAINAGE IS TOWARDS CUT SLOPE. DRAIN SURFACE DITCH TO NATURAL DRAINAGE OR ROADSIDE DITCH. PROVIDE OTHER MEASURES TO PREVENT ERODING CUT SLOPES IF SURFACE DITCH IS OMITTED. SEE STD DWG DD 2 FOR DETAILS.
- 8. SEE STD DWG DD 4 FOR TYPICAL DETAILS FOR SECTION ON CURVE AND SECTION ON TANGENT. SEE STD DWG DD 2 FOR TYPICAL SECTION ON DITCH FLARING AND BENCHED SLOPE.
- 9. USE FLAT MEDIAN WHERE MEDIAN IS NOT OF SUFFICIENT WIDTH TO PROVIDE A DEPTH OF 1 FOOT BELOW THE PAVEMENT THICKNESS. REDUCE SLOPE TO 10:1 OR LESS AND PAVE THE ENTIRE AREA.
- 10. USE A CAPACITY ANALYSIS TO DETERMINE THE LENGTH OF STORAGE REQUIRED FOR TURN LANE. USE A MINIMUM LENGTH OF 100 FEET.
- 11. THE SLOPES SHOWN FOR CUT AND FILL HEIGHTS ARE SUGGESTED VALUES. SLOPES MAY DEVIATE FROM THESE SUGGESTED VALUES TO MEET PROJECT SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS.
- 12. RANGE OF SUPERELEVATION IS THE PAVED WIDTH.
- 13. USE 2% MINIMUM CROSS SLOPES.
- 14. PLACE ADVERSE SLOPE BREAKS AT SHOULDER OR LANE LINES.
- 15. USE 6% MAXIMUM ALGERBRAIC DIFFERENCIAL FOR SLOPE BREAKS BETWEEN SHOULDER AND LANE LINES.
- 16. USE 4% MAXIMUM ALGERBRAIC DIFFERENCIAL FOR SLOPE BREAKS BETWEEN LANE LINES.
- 17. FOR TAPER LENGTH "L" SEE TABLE I ON STD DWG DD 3.

TYPICAL MEDIAN LEFT TURN LANE

FOR MEDIANS GREATER THAN 28

SUPPLEMENTAL DRAWING

RANSPORTATION
BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION UTAH RURAL ANE F THAN F MULT OTHER STD DWG DD 11